

**Criminal Law
Lecture 6 Study Guide**

Define *Actus Reus*: _____

What is the legal status of an *omission* in the context of criminal liability? _____

What does it mean that a criminal act must be voluntary for culpability to attach? What are some examples of involuntary acts where culpability does not attach?

When does culpability attach to an involuntary act? _____

What is a *status*? How does this idea relate to the *actus reus* element of crime? _____

In *Jones v. United States* (1962), the court indicated that there are at least four situations in which the failure to act may constitute breach of legal duty. One can be held criminally liable:

Define the two major types of *possession*:

_____ :

_____ :

The Arkansas courts have indicated that constructive possession can be implied when the contraband is in the joint control of the accused and another person. However, joint occupancy of a vehicle, standing alone, is not sufficient to establish possession. You must prove some additional factor that demonstrates the suspect's knowledge and control of the contraband, such as:

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____

What is the difference between *Conscious Possession* and *Mere Possession*? _____
